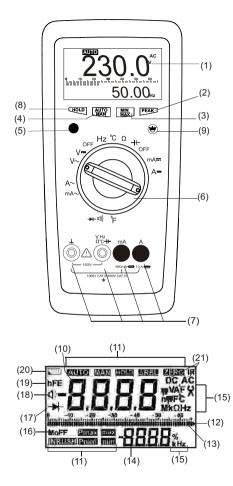


# ANALOG -DIGITAL MULTIMETER



# **USER'S MANUAL**

CE



- (1) Liquid crystal display
- (2) PMAX / PMIN push button
- (3) Push button for MIN/MAX functions
- (4) Pushbutton for manual range selection
- (5) Multi function push button
- (6) Function selector switch.
- (7) Terminal sockets with automatic blocking system.
- (8) Push button for HOLD function
- (9) Push button for Back light function
- (10)Main Display for digits, decimal point and polarity
- (11)Display for manual range selection, Hold, MIN/MAX, Relative, Peak functions.
- (12)Over range indication
- (13)Bar graph for analog indication
- (14)Sub Display for digits, decimal point and polarity
- (15)Display for the unit of measured quantity.
- (16)Display for indication of Auto Off Function.
- (17) Display for Diode testing
- (18)Buzzer indication
- (19)Display for hFE measurement
- (20)Low battery indication
- (21)Display for the selected function i.e. AC or DC

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# 1. Introduction

Thank you very much for selecting our multimeter. These multimeters are manufactured as per IS 13875 and DIN 43751.

# 2. Safety features and safety precautions

you have chosen a multimeter which provides you a very high degree of safety. The analog - digital Multimeters are manufactured and tested in compliance with the safety standaed IEC 61010-1:2001/ DIN EN 61010 - 1:2001. In case of incorrect use or careless handling, the safety of both user and multimeter is not assured.

### For proper use and safe handling, it is absolutely necessary to read and understand the operating instructions before using the meter.

For your safety and protection multimeters are fitted with an Automatic terminal Blocking System (ABS). It is coupled with the function selector switch which blocks the terminal sockets not necessary for measurement.

### Please note the following safety precautions

- The multimeter must beo perated only by persons who understand the danger of shock hazards and are aware of the necessary safety precaut ons. Shock hazards exist wherever vot age is more than 30V (TRMS) arep resent.
- Do not work alone in shock hazardous environment while carrying out measurement.
- The maximum perm issible voltage between terminal Socket (7) and ground is 1000 V.
- Take into account that unexpected voltages can occur on device under test (eg. defective instrument). For example, capacitors may be charged toa dangerously high voltage.
- Verify that thet est leads are in good condition e.g. no cracked insulation, no open circuits in the leads or connectors.
- This multimeter must not be used for measurements on circuits with corona discharge( high voltage).
- Be particularly careful when measuring on HF circuits. Dangerous composite voltages may exist there.
- Measurements under moist environmental conditions are not permitted.
- Do not overload the measuring ranges beyond their allowable capacities. Limit values are given in specifications Refer "16.Specifications".
- All current measuringr anges ,with thee xception of the 16A range Multimeter, are protected with fuse. The maximump ermissible of voltage of the measuing circuit (nominal voltage of the fuse) is 1000V AC/DC in "mA" and "A" ranges.

- Multimeter has been designed for measurements in secondary current transformer circuits and has no integrated FUSE in the 16A current circuits for reducing hazards in the event of short circuits on the primary side. In circuits with voltages involving contact hazards NP10-3 may only be used if the current circuit is protected by a Fuse or a Circuit breaker of 20A.
- Protection provided by the digital multimeter may be impaired if the meter is not used in a manner specified in this user manual.

$\triangle$	Warning of a danger point (Attention, refer to the user manual)
	Earth (ground) terminal.
	Double or reinforced insulation
CAT II / III / IV	Instrument for over voltage category II / III or IV
CE	EU conformity mark.

### Meaning of the symbols on the device

### Repair, replacement of parts:

When opening the meter, live parts may be exposed. Therefore, the meter must be disconnected from the measuring circuit prior to opening its case for repair or replacement of parts. If repair cannot be avoided unless the meter is opened and live, this work must only be performed by a qualified person who understands the danger involved.

### Faults and abnormal stress:

When it is realised that the safe operation is no longer possible, take the meter out of service and secure it against accidental use. Safe operation may not be possible,

- When the meter shows obvious signs of damage,
- When the meter no longer functions correctly,
- After prolonged storage under adverse conditions,
- Due to severe stress during transportation.
- Not using in the manner described in this manual.

### 3. Switching the multimeter "ON"

### Battery

Your meter works on 2AA size batteries alkaline manganese cells per IEC LR6. It is provided with meter. Before you use the meter for the first time or after storage, refer to Section "17.1 Maintenance Battery" Rotate the rotary knob (6). to other than "OFF" position to switch the multimeter ON. Switch-"ON" is acknowledged by a sound signal. All segments of the LCD will as shown on page 1.

### Note:

Electric discharges and high-frequency influence may cause incorrect information to be displayed and block the measuring process. Reset the meter by switching it OFF and ON again otherwise, check the battery connections. Disconnect the meter from the measuring circuit before you open it, and see section "17.Maintenance")

### Automatic Meter-OFF (MoFF)

DMM has a default auto meter off function. If the meter is idle for more than 15 minuets ,the meter automatically turns the power off. When **MoFF** happens, the state of the meter is saved. The "**MoFF**"(16) sign on the LCD panel indicates whether the **MoFF** is enabled or not. In some cases, user might want to disable this feature ,Power ON the meter by pressing any of the push functions, except HOLD(8) & multifunction(5) push buttons. After auto meter-off, pushing any of the push function or changing the rotary switch mode can turn on the meter again. If the meter is re-powered by changing the rotary mode, the saved state is cleared. If the meter is re-powered by push functions, the chip restores the saved state and enters HOLD mode. The LCD displays the saved value.

## Turning the multimeter OFF

To turn OFF the meter rotate the rotary knob(6) to the "OFF" position

# 4. Function and range selection

The function selector switch (6) is coupled with the Automatic terminal Blocking System (ABS) which allows access only to two correct sockets for each function. Prior to switching to the "mA" or "A" functions or from the "mA" or "A" functions, remove the test lead from the corresponding socket. When the test leads are plugged-in, the terminal blocking systems prevents accidental switching to non permissible functions.

# 4.1 Switching the measuring ranges

The 660 mVAC and 660 mVDC measuring ranges are not automatically selected when the meter is switched ON. The above ranges can only be selected manually with "AUTO/MAN" key.

# 4.2 Auto / Manual ranging

The multimeter features auto ranging for all measuring ranges with the exception of the  $^{\circ}C$ ,  $^{\circ}F$ , continuity , Diode ,  $^{\circ}$ , AAC ,ADC. Autoranging is automatically selected after switching the multimeter ON. According to the measured quantity applied, the multimeter automatically selects the measuring range which gives the best resolution. You can switch OFF auto-ranging and select the ranges manually according to the table shown in this section. Manual mode is switched OFF when push button AUTO/MAN is pressed (4) for approximately 1s,or when the function selector switch (6) is operated, or when the meter is turned OFF and ON again.

AUTO MAN	Function	Acknowl- edgement
(4)		Display
Short	Manual mode <b>on</b> : Used range is fixed	MAN (11)
Short	Switching sequence at : VAC / VDC - 6.6V >> 66V >> 660V >> 1000V >>> 660W >>> 6.6V. mAAC / mADC - 66mA >> 660 mA >> 66mA W - 660W >>> 6.6KW >> 660V F - 6.6nF >> 66nF >> 660nF >> 6.6mF >> 66nF >>> 660nF >> 6.6mF >> 40mF >> 6.6mF Hz - 66Hz >> 66MHz >> 66HHz >> 660KHz >>> 6.6MHz >> 10MHz >> 66Hz	MAN (11)
Long	Return to autoranging	AUTO(11)

Note - °C ,Continuity ,Diode ,AAC ,ADC ,% all functions have fixed range.

# 5. Liquid crystal display (LCD)

# 5.1 Digital display

The MAIN digital display (10) shows the measured value with correct location of decimal point and sign. The selected measuring Unit (15) and the function (21) are simultaneously displayed. When measuring DC quantities, a minus sign appears in front of the digits, when the positive pole of the measured quantity is applied to the " $\perp$ " input terminal. When upper range limit 6600 ( on the range  $\rightarrow$ : 1999), is exceeded then "OL" is displayed.

The digital display is updated 2.8 times per second. The Sub digital display (14) shows the measured value with correct location of decimal point and sign. Main purpose of two digital display is to display simultaneous measurement as mentioned below :-

Main Display	Sub Display
Voltage	Frequency
Voltage	Min/Max
Frequency	Duty cycle
Current	Frequency

## 5.2. Analog indication

The analog indication with bar graph is updated 28 times per second. Analog indication is of particular use when observing variations of measured values. The analog bar graph (13) has its own polarity indication in measuring DC quantities, when the positive pole of the measured quantity is applied to the "⊥" input terminal. Analog bar graph has 65 scale divisions so that variations of the measured values around "zero"can be observed exactly. The over range is indicated by the right triangle (12) when measused value is > 6600 counts (for → measurement > 1999).

## 5.3. Backlit

The instrument is provided with user selectable Backlit for taking measurements in poor lighting conditions/ dark areas.

# Switching the Backlit ON

By pressing (9) key the Backlit can be switched ON for 60 Secs.

## Switching the Backlit OFF

By pressing 🛞 (9) key once again before 60 secs. the Backlit can be switched OFF. Other wise it gets off automatically after 60 secs.

# 6. HOLD and Delay Hold feature

# 6.1 HOLD feature

After pressing "HOLD" (8) button meter stop updating the LCD panel. After enabling HOLD function the meter switch to manual ranging mode from AUTO mode, but the measuring range remains the same.

### 6.2 Delay Hold feature

Meter provides a Delay HOLD feature. To activate Delay HOLD feature, press " HOLD"(8) button for 2 seconds. The meter will wait for 6 seconds, then enters HOLD mode. In the 6 second period, the HOLD symbol on LCD will blink and after 6 seconds meter will hold the measured value present on LCD. To exit from delay HOLD function either change range or press "AUTO/MAN"(4), or "HOLD"(8) button again.

# 7. MIN/MAX feature

With the MIN/MAX function, you can hold the minimum and maximum measured value which was applied to the input of the multimeter after activating MIN/MAX function. The most important application is the determination of the minimum and the maximum value for long-term monitoring of measured parameters.

The actual measured value can still be noted/read during this feature.

Apply the measured quantity to the meter and select the measuring range prior to activating the MIN/MAX function. With the function activated, you can select the measuring ranges only manually, if you switch to another range, the stored MIN/MAX values are cleared. After Pressing MIN/MAX(3) for the first time, sub-display shows maximum value. Sub-display shows minimum value, when it is pressed again. Main-display always shows current value in MIN/MAX mode. To exit from this mode press and held MIN/MAX(3) button for longer than one second or when the function selector switch (6) is operated, or when the meter is turned OFF and ON again. Pressing HOLD(8) in MIN/MAX mode. value.

### Note

MIN/MAX function is available in all the ranges of measurement except in Hz.

## 8.Peak measurement

Multimeter 616 provides Peak hold function to capture the maximum or minimum peak value. To enter peak mode, press PEAK(2) push button for less than 1 second. A self-calibration process will execute automatically before normal peak-hold operation. In peak mode, maindisplay shows current value of signal, and sub-display shows PMAX or PMIN value which is selected by PEAK key. After pressing PEAK(2) push button for the first time, sub-display shows PMAX value. Subdisplay shows PMIN value, when PEAK(2) push button is pressed again. To exit PEAK-hold function, press PEAK key more than 1 second or when the function selector switch (6) is operated, or when the meter is turned OFF and ON again.

### 9. Voltage measurement

According to the voltage to be measured, set the function selector switch (6) to VAC or VDC. function selector switch (6) to VAC or VDC. Connect the test leads as shown. The " $\perp$ " socket should be connected to the lowest potential ground available. In VAC mode main display always shows voltage and sub display shows frequency.

### Note

The 660 mV measuring ranges can only be selected manually with the "AUTO/MAN" (4) push button

### Caution

Ensure current measuring range ("mA" or "A") is not selected while voltage measurement ! When the cut-out rating of the fuses is exceeded because of incorrect operation, a dangerous situation exists!.

### Voltage measurement



# 10. Current Measurement

- First disconnect the power supply to the circuit being measured and/ or to the load, and discharge all capacitors within that circuit.
- With the function selector switch (6), select A for currents >660mA and mA for currents <=660 mA. When measuring current of unknown magnitude, select the highest measuring range first.
- Select the function corresponding to the measured quantity by briefly pressing the yellow multi-function (5) push button.
- Each time the push button is pressed, alternate switching takes place between DC and AC. The change-over is acknowledged by a sound signal.
- The symbols DC and AC (21)are displayed as per selected function on the LCD.
- When selecting a range with the function selector switch (6), the DC function is always set by default.
- Connect the multimeter in series with the load, as shown. Ensure that the connections are tight (with least resistance).

### Notes on Current measurement

- The multimeter must be used only in the power systems, where the current circuit is protected by a fuse or a circuit breaker of 20 A, and when the nominal voltage of the system does not exceed1000V AC/DC.
- Make the measuring circuit connections mechanically strong and secure so that they do not accidentally open. The conductor cross

sections and connection points should be designed to avoid excessive heating.

- The current measuring ranges up to 660 mA are protected to a short circuit current of 25 A by a fuse 1.6 A/1000V AC/DC in conjunction, with power diodes. The cut-out capacity of the fuse is 10kA at a rated voltage of1000V AC/DC and ohmic load.
- The 10 A current measuring ranges are protected by a 16A/ 1000V AC/DC fuse. The cut-out capacity of the fuse is 30 kA at a normal voltage of 1000V AC/DC and ohmic load.
- Replacement of the fuses is described in section "17. Maintenance".

### Caution

The measuring ranges 16 A of Multimeter NP10-3 are not protected by a fuse!

### 10.1 AC current measurement with (clip-on) current transformer

### 10.1.1 Transformer output mA/A

### Caution

If current transformers are operated with an open circuit on the secondary side, e.g. due to defective or disconnected leads, a blown fuse in the meter, or a wrong connection, dangerously high voltages can occur at the connectors. Therefore, verify that the current circuit of the multimeter and secondary winding of transformer connected to the multimeter form an intact circuit. Connect the transformer to the sockets  $\bot$  and mA or A The maximum permissible operating voltage is the nominal voltage of the current transformer. When reading the measured value, take into account the transformer ratio and the additional error in indication.

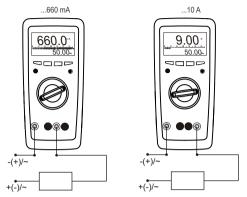
### Transformer output Multimeter NP10-2

The multimeter NP10-2 shows the switching position  $\neg$  and the corresponding sockets. Connect to this socket a (clip-on) current transformer with a transmission ratio of 1000:1 then the measured values are displayed directly in the "A" range.

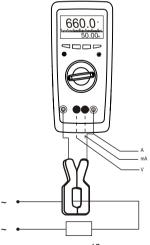
### 10.1.2 Transformer output V

Many transformers have voltage output (refered as mV/A) The secondary output must therefore be connected to the connection sockets "L" and "V".

### **Current measurement**



### AC current measurement with(clip-on)current transformers



# 11. Resistance measurement

- Verify that the device under test is electrically dead. External voltages would falsify the measured result!
- Set the function selector switch (6) to " w ".
- Connect the device under test as shown.

### Zero adjustment on the 660 W measuring range

When measuring small resistance values on the 660W range, you can eliminate the resistance of the leads and contact resistance by REL function.

- Connect the test leads to the multimeter and join the free ends.
- Press and hold PEAK(2) and press the AUTO/MAN(4) pushbutton. The meter enter into the "REL" mode, "REL" symbol will displayed on to the LCD.
- Also "00.00" (+1digit) will displayed on main display & the resistance measured at the instance the push buttons were pressed is displayed on sub display & used as reference value.
- It is automatically deducted from the values measured there after.

### The REL function can be cleared

- By pressing and holding PEAK push button and then pressing AUTO/MAN key. This is acknowledged by sound signals.
- By switching the multimeter off.

# 12. Continuity test and Diode test

 Verify that the device under test is electrically dead. External voltages would falsify the measured results!

### 12.1 Continuity test

- Set the function selector switch (6) to "W" then press the yellow multi-function push button (5). The multimeter acknowledges turn-ON with a sound signal.
- At the same time, ¬(→) (18) appears on the LCD & "OL" will displayed on main display.
- The sound signal is generated whenever the reading is less than 30W.

### 12.2 Diode test

- Set the function selector switch (6) to " W " then press the yellow multi-function push button (5) twice. The multimeter acknowledges turn-ON with a sound signal.
- At the same time, +- (18) appears on the LCD & "OL" will displayed on main display.
- The multimeter displays the forward voltage in Volts.

- As long as the voltage drop does not exceed the maximum display value of 1.999V, you can also test several series-connected elements or reference diodes with small reference voltage.
- Reverse direction or open circuit: The multimeter indicates overrange "OL".
- With the diode function selected, the meter emits a continuous sound signal whenever the reading is less than 30mV.

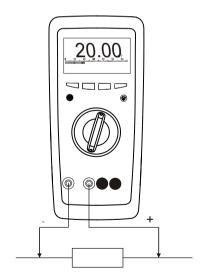
### Note

Resistors and semiconductor junction in parallel with the diode falsify the measured results!

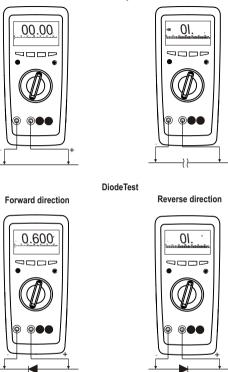
### Changing over between Resistance ,continuity ,Diode Testing

Repeated brief pressing of the yellow multi-function switch (5) changes the measuring functions in the following order: Resistance  $\rightarrow$  Continuity  $\rightarrow$  Diode  $\rightarrow$  Resistance...

### **Resistance measurement**



**Continuity Test** 



# 13. Capacitance measurement (Multimeter NP10-5, NP10-6)

- Verify that the device under test is electrically dead. External voltages would falsify the measured results!
- Set the function selector switch (6) to " ⊣ ← "
- Connect the (discharged !) device under test to the "⊥"and "⊣
  e" sockets via test lead.

### Notes

- Connect polarized capacitors with the "-" pole to the "⊥" socket.
- Resistors and semiconductor junctions in parallel with the capacitor falsify the measured results!

### Zero adjustment on the 6.600 nF measuring range

When measuring small capacitance values on the 6.600 nF range, the internal resistance of the multimeter and the capacitance of the leads can be eliminated by "REL" function.

- Connect the test leads to the meter without device under test.
- Press and hold PEAK(2) and press the AUTO/MAN(4) pushbutton. The meter enter into the "REL" mode, "REL"symbol will be displayed on to the LCD. Also "00.00" (+1digit) will displayed on main display & the capacitance measured at the instant the push button is pressed is displayed on sub display & used as reference value. It is automatically deducted from the values measured there after.

### The REL function can be cleared

- By pressing and holding PEAK push button and then pressing AUTO/MAN key. This is acknowledged by sound signals.
- By switching the multimeter off.

# 14. Frequency and Duty measurement (Multimeter NP10-5, NP10-6)

### 14.1 Frequency measurement

- Set the function selector switch (6) to the "Hz"
- The multimeter switches to frequency measurement. The frequency is displayed on the main Display and duty cycle is displayed on to the Sub display.

See section "16. Specifications" for the lowest measurable frequencies and the maximum permissible voltages.

Connections are made the same way as for voltage measurement.

# 14.2 Duty cycle measurement

With duty cycle measurement, it can determine the ratio of pulse duration to cycle time of recurring square-wave signals.

- Set the function selector switch (6) to the "Hz".
- The multimeter switches to frequency measurement. The frequency is displayed on the main Display and duty cycle is displayed on to the Sub display.
- The duty cycle-that is the percentage pulse duration of a signal-is displayed on the LCD in %

### Notes

 The applied frequency must remain constant during the duty cycle measurement.

# 15.Temperature measurement

The Multimeter NP10-2...NP10-6 allows you to measure temperature with K type thermocouple in the range from 0  $^{\circ}$ C...1300  $^{\circ}$ C.

- Set the function selector switch (6) to "<sup>0</sup>C"
- Connect the multimeter probe to the two unblocked terminals and thermocouple output.
- The multimeter measures temperature in °C.
- To measure temperature in<sup>o</sup>F press the yellow multi-function pushbutton (5).

# Changing over between $^{\circ}C$ and $^{\circ}F$

Repeated brief pressing of the yellow multi-function switch (5) changes the measuring functions in the following order:  ${}^{\circ}C \rightarrow {}^{\circ}F \rightarrow {}^{\circ}C...$ Analog scale is disabled during Temperature measurement mode.

# 16. Specification

Meas. Function	Measuring Range	NP10-2	NP10-3	NP10-5	NP10-6 (TRMS)	Resol ution	
	660.0mV	•	•	٠	•	100mV	
	6.600V	•	•	٠	٠	1mV	
V(DC)	66.00V	•	•	•	•	10mV	
	660.0V	•	٠	•	٠	100mV	
	1000V	•	•	•	•	1V	
	660.0mV	•	٠	٠	٠	100mV	
	6.600V	•	•	•	•	1mV	
V(AC)	66.00V	•	•	•	•	10mV	
	660.0V	•	•	٠	•	100mV	
	1000V	•	•	٠	٠	1V	
	66.00mA	•	•	٠	٠	10 mA	
A(DC)	660.0mA	•	•	•	•	100mA	
	10.00A		16A	•	•	10mA	
	66.0mA	•	•	٠	•	10 mA	
A(AC)	660.0mA	•	•	٠	•	100mA	
	10.00A		16A	٠	•	10mA	
2000	66.00A	•				10mA	
<b>&gt;C</b> (AC)	660.0A	•				100mA	
	660.0W	•	•	•	•	100mW	
W	6.600KW	•	•	•	•	1W	

 Input	Digital display Inherent deviation at	Overload	capacity <sup>1)</sup>
Impedance	reference condition ±(%rdg +digits)	Overload Values	Overload Duration
 >10 GW// <40pF	0.7 + 5		
11 MW// <40pF	0.4 + 5		
10 MW// <40pF	0.4 + 5		
10 MW// <40pF	0.4 + 5	1000 V DC	
 10 MW// <40pF	0.4 + 5	AC	Cont.
>10 GW// <40pF	1.2 + 5	eff / rms Sine	
11 MW// <40pF		wave	
10 MW// <40pF	1		
10 MW// <40pF	1.0 + 3		
10 MW// <40pF			
 Voltage Drop			
66.00mV	0.8 + 5		
66.00mV	0.8 + 5	0.7A	Cont.
10.00mV	1.5 + 5	6)	6)
66.00mV	0.8 + 5	0.7A	Cont.
66.00mV	0.8 + 5	0.7A	
10.00mV	1.5 + 5	6)	6)
 66.00mV	0.8 + 5	0.7A	Cont.
66.00mV	0.8 + 5	0.7A	Cont.
No load Voltage			
-3.3V	0.8 + 5		
-1.08V	0.8 + 5	7	

Meas. Function	Measuring Range	NP10-2	NP10-3	NP10-5	NP10-6 (TRMS)	Resol ution	
W	66.00KW	•	•	•	•	10W	
	660.0KW	•	•	٠	٠	100W	1
	6.600MW	٠	•	٠	٠	1KW	1
	66.00MW	•	•	٠	٠	10KW	
BUZZER	660.0W	•	•	•	•	100mW	
DIODE	2.000V	•	•	٠	٠	1mV	
	6.600nF			٠	•	1pF	
	66.00nF			•	•	10pF	
	660.0nF			•	•	100pF	1
F	6.600mF			٠	٠	1nF	1
	66.00 mF			•	٠	10nF	
	660.0 mF			٠	٠	100nF	
	6.600 m F			•	٠	1mF	
	40.00mF			٠	٠	10 mF	1
	66.00Hz			٠	•	0.01Hz	
	660.0Hz			٠	•	0.1Hz	1
	6.600KHz			٠	٠	1Hz	
Hz	66.00KHz			٠	٠	10Hz	1
	660.0KHz			٠	•	100Hz	1
	6.600MHz			٠	٠	1KHz	]
	10.00MHz			•	٠	10KHz	
%	1.098.90%			•	•	0.1%	
°C / °F	01300 <sup>°</sup> C	•	•	٠	٠	1℃	

1) At 0 °C ... + 40 °C 2) At input >3.5 Vrms 3) For <10 kHz at 5 Vp-p

Imput Impedance         reference condition ±(%rdg +digits)         Overload Values         Overload Duration           -1.08V         0.8 + 5         0.00 V         0.8 + 5         0.00 V         0.2 + 10         0.00 V         0.2 + 2         0.00 V         0.2 + 2         0.9 × (% min)         0.2 + 2 - 2         0.2 +	 Input	Digital display Inherent deviation at	Overload	capacity <sup>1)</sup>
-1.08V         0.8 + 5           -1.08V         1.0 + 5           -1.08V         2.0 + 5           -3.3V         0.8 + 5           3.3V         2.0 + 10           3.3V         2.0 + 10           2.0+10         AC           eff / rms         Sine           2.0+10         5.0+10           5.0+10         5.0+10           5.0+10         5.0+10           10Hz (F min)         0.2 + 2 <sup>2</sup> )           -         0.2 + 2 <sup>2</sup> )           -         10Hz 1kHz ± 5Digit           0.9% (% min)         10Hz 1kHz ± 5Digit				
1.08V         1.0 + 5           1.08V         2.0 + 5           -3.3V         0.8 + 5           3.3V         2.0 + 10           3.3V         2.0 + 10           2.0+10         AC C           2.0+10         AC Fff / rms Sine wave           2.0+10         5.0+10           5.0+10         5.0+10           5.0+10         5.0+10           10Hz (F min)         0.2 + 2 <sup>2</sup> )           -         0.2 + 2 <sup>2</sup> )           -         10Hz 1kHz ± 5Digit 1kHz10kHz; ± 5 Digit/kHz	-1.08V	0.8 + 5		
-1.08V         2.0 + 5           -3.3V         0.8 + 5           3.3V         2.0 + 10           3.3V         2.0 + 10           2.0+10         AC           eff / rms         Sine           2.0+10         5.0+10           5.0+10         5.0+10           5.0+10         5.0+10           10Hz (F min)         0.2 + 2 <sup>2</sup> )           -         10Hz 1kHz ± 5Digit           0.9% (% min)         10Hz 1kHz ± 5Digit		0.8 + 5		
-3.3V         0.8 + 5           3.3V         2.0 + 10           3.3V         2.0 + 10           2.0+10         AC           eff / rms         Sine           2.0+10         5.0+10           5.0+10         5.0+10           5.0+10         5.0+10           10Hz (F min)         0.2 + 2 <sup>2</sup> )           -         10Hz 1kHz ± 5Digit           0.9% (% min)         10Hz 1kHz ± 5Digit	-1.08V	1.0 + 5		
3.3V         2.0 + 10           3.3V         2.0 + 10           3.0 + 40         1000 V           2.0 + 10         AC           eff / rms         Sine           2.0 + 10         Sine           2.0 + 10         Sine           2.0 + 10         Sine           2.0 + 10         Sine           5.0 + 10         Sine           5.0 + 10         S.0 + 10           10Hz (F min)         0.2 + 2 <sup>2</sup> )           -         0.2 + 2 <sup>2</sup> )           -         10Hz 1kHz ± 5Digit           0.9% (% min)         10Hz 1kHz ± 5Digit	 -1.08V	2.0 + 5		
100 v         3.0+40         1000 V         AC           2.0+10         AC         eff / rms         Sine           2.0+10         5.0+10         Sine         wave           10Hz (F min)         0.2 + 2 <sup>2</sup> )         0.2 + 2 <sup>2</sup> )         0.2 + 2 <sup>2</sup> )           0.9% (% min)         10Hz 1kHz ± 5Digit 1kHz10kHz; ± 5 Digit/kHz         10	-3.3V	0.8 + 5		
2.0+10         DC AC eff / rms Sine wave         Max 10 S           -         2.0+10         BC AC eff / rms Sine wave         AC eff / rms Sine wave           10Hz (F min)         0.2 + 2 <sup>-2</sup> )         0.2 + 2 <sup>-2</sup> )           -         10Hz 1kHz ± 5Digit 1kHz 10kHz; ± 5 Digit/kHz         a	3.3V	2.0 + 10	]	
2.0+10         DC AC           2.0+10         BC AC           2.0+10         Sine wave           2.0+10         Sine wave           2.0+10         Sine wave           5.0+10         Solution           5.0+10         Solution           10Hz (F min)         0.2 + 2 <sup>2</sup> )           -         0.2 + 2 <sup>2</sup> )           -         10Hz 1kHz ± 5Digit 1kHz10kHz; ± 5 Digit/kHz		3.0+40	1000 V	
2.0+10         eff / rms           2.0+10         sine           2.0+10         sine           2.0+10         sine           5.0+10         sine           5.0+10         sine           5.0+10         sine           10Hz (F min)         0.2 + 2 <sup>2</sup> )            0.2 + 2 <sup>2</sup> )            10Hz 1kHz ± 5Digit           0.9% (% min)         10Hz 1kHz ± 5Digit		2.0+10	DC	
2.0+10         wave           2.0+10		2.0+10		Max 10 S
2.0+10           5.0+10           5.0+10           5.0+10           0.2 + 2 <sup>2</sup> )	_	2.0+10		
5.0+10           5.0+10           10Hz (F min)           0.2 + 2 <sup>2</sup> )		2.0+10	wave	
5.0+10           10Hz (F min)           0.2 + 2 <sup>2</sup> )		5.0+10	1	
0.2 + 2 <sup>2)</sup> 		5.0+10		
0.2 + 2 <sup>2)</sup> 		5.0+10		
0.9% (% min) 1kHz10kHz;± 5 Digit/kHz <sup>3)</sup>	10Hz ( <b>F min)</b>	0.2 + 2 <sup>2)</sup>		
0.9% (% min) 1kHz10kHz;± 5 Digit/kHz <sup>3)</sup>	_			
- 2.0+3 <sup>4)</sup>	 0.9% <b>(% min)</b>		1	
	 -	2.0+3 4)	1	

4) Without sensor

5) Display with (clip-on) current transformers 1000 : 1

6) For Model NP10-3 (without FUSE) 16A 10 min. For Model NP10-5/NP10-6 (without FUSE) 12A 5 min. /16A 30 s

### Influence Quantities and Variations

Influence quantity	Range of Influence		Measured Quantity/ Measuring Range	Variation <sup>1)</sup> ± (% of rdg. + digits)
			VDC	
			VAC	
			ADC	
	0	°C	AAC	1 X Intrinsic
Temperature	-	°C 1 °C	W	error
	a	nd	Diode	
	+25 °C	+40°C	F	
			Hz	
			%	
			°C	
	20 Hz< 50 Hz			1.0+3
	> 50Hz 200 Hz		660mV~	5.0+3
Frequency	20 Hz	< 50 Hz	00 40001/	1.0+3
of the measured	> 50Hz 2 kHz		661000V~	5.0+7
quantity	20Hz< 50 Hz		A~	1.0+3
	>50 Hz 2 kHz		A~	5.0+3
	Crest Factor	11.4	V~ <sup>3)</sup> .A~ <sup>3)</sup>	±1% of rdg
	CF	1.45	V~ ,A~	± 5 % of rdg
			VDC	5 Digit
			V~,ADC	10 Digit
			AAC	6 Digit
			660W	4 Digit
Batton	attery latage > 2.49 V3 V		6.600kW-66.00MW	3 Digit
Volatage			nF,F,mF	5 Digit
rolatago			Hz	5 Digit
			%	5 Digit
			V~,VDC	
	75	%	A~,ADC	
Relative			W	
Humidity	3 Da	ays	F	
			Hz	AMERICA
	Meter off		°C	1 X Intrinsic
	wete		%	error

1) With temperature: Error data apply per 10 K change in temperature.

With frequency: Error data apply to a display from 300 digits onwards.

2) With unknown waveform (crest factor CF > 2), measure with

manual range selection

3) With the exception of sinusoidal waveform.

4) After the " symbol is displayed.

Influence quantity	RangeofInfluence	Measuring ranges	Attenuation
		۷	> 100 dB
Common mode	Noise quantity max. 1000 V	٧ ~	>100 dB
interference	Noise quantity max. 1000 V ~ 50 Hz, 60 Hz sinusoidal	۷	> 100 dB
voltage		۷ ~	> 60 dB
Normal	Noise quantity V~ value of the measuring	660mV, 6.6V, 660V, 1000V dc	> 43 dB
mode interference voltage	range at a time max. 1000 V ~, 50 Hz, 60 Hz. sinusoidal	66 Vdc	> 35 dB
	Noise quantity max. 1000 V -	٧~	> 45 dB

### Display

Liquid crystal display(63 mm x 43 mm) with analog indication and digital display and with display of the unit of measured quantity, function and various special functions.

### Analog

Indication	: LCD scale with bar graph
Scale length	: 55 mm
Scaling	: 65 scale divisions during all the measurement
Polarity indication	: With automatic reversal
Overrange indication	: By triangle
Sampling rate	: 28 times/s

# Digital

Height of Main Display numerals	s: 7 segment numerals : 12mm
Height of Sub Display numerals	: 7 segment numerals : 7mm
Number of counts	: 4 digit : 6600 counts
Overrange display	: "OL" is shown
Polarity display	: "-" sign is shown,
	When positive pole connected to "1"
Sampling rate	: 2.8 times/sec

### Power supply

. ener eapp	.,				
Battery	: 2 AA size batteries alkaline manganese cells as per IEC LR6.				
Service life	: for NF	P15-2/3/5:	600 hrs. for VDC, ADC 300 hrs. for VAC, AAC		
	for N	P15-6:	400 hrs. for VDC, ADC 200 hrs. for VAC. AAC		
Battery test	: Automatic display of " [ symbol when battery voltage falls below following value: approx. 2.				
Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC)					
Emission	: EN 6'	1326 : 2002	Class B		
Immunity	:IEC 6	1000-4-2	8 kV atmosphere discha 4 kV contact discharge		
	:IEC 6	1000-4-3	3 V/m		
Safety Installation category		: IEC 6101 : CAT IV 60			

Installation category	: CAT IV 600V CAT III 1000V
Pollution degree	: 2
High Voltage Test	: 6.7 kV (IEC 61010-1-2010)

### Fuses

### Fuse for upto 660 mA ranges

FF (UR) 1.6 A / 1000V AC/DC; 6.3mm X 32mm; rating 10kA with 1000VAC/DC and ohmic load; in conjuction with power diodes, protects all current measuring ranges upto 660mA.

### Fuse for upto 10A ranges (Not for NP10-3)

FF (UR)16 A / 1000 V AC/DC; 10mm x 38mm; rating 30 kA with 1000VAC/DC and ohmic load; protects the 10A ranges upto 1000V AC/DC See"17. maintenance" for types of fuses.

Macourod quantity/		nse time	Transient response for	
Measured quantity/ measuring range	of analog indication	of digital display	step function of the measured quantity	
		uispiay		
V ,V~,°C	0.1 s	1 s	from 0 to 80 % of upper range limit	
A, A ~	0.1 s	1 s	from 0 to 50 %	
660W6.6 MW	0.1 s	1 s	of upper range limit	
66 MW	0.2s	2 s		
*	0.1 s	1 s		
6.6nF 66µF	0.7 s	max. 1 s	]	
660 µF6.6 mF	1.4 s	max. 3 s	from 0 to 00 %	
66 mF	7.0 s	max. 15 s	from 0 to 80 %	
660 Hz,6.6KHz	2.0 s	max. 2 s	of upper range limit	
66 KHz,660 Khz 1MHz	0.5 s	max.1s		
% (=>10 Hz)	0.7 s	max. 2.5 s		

Response time (after manual range selection)

### Reference conditions

Ambient temperature	23 <sup>°</sup> C± 2 K
Relative humidity	45% 55 % RH
Frequency of measured quantity	45Hz65 Hz
Waveform of the measured quantity	sinusoidal
Battery voltage	3V ± 0.1V

### Environmental conditions

Functional temperature range	0 <sup>°</sup> C50 <sup>°</sup> C -25 <sup>°</sup> C+70 <sup>°</sup> C (without batteries)
Storage temperature range	-25 C+70 C (without batteries)
Relative Humidity	4575 %
Altitude	up to 2000m

### Mechanical configuration

Protection for the Meter	: IP 65
Connection sockets	: IP 20 according to
	DIN VDE0470 Part 1 /EN 60529
Dimensions	86 mm x 185 mm x 55 mm
Weight	480g approx., including battery and holster

# 17. Maintenance

### Caution

Disconnect the meter from the measuring circuit before you open it to replace the battery or the fuse!

### 17.1. Battery

Prior to initial start-up, or after storage of multimeter, verify that the cells of multimeter does not leak. Repeat this check in regular short intervals. If the cells leaks, completely remove the cells carefully with a moist cloth and install a new cells before you operate multimeter again. When the symbol " ISD" " (17) appears on the LCD (1) replace the cells as soon as possible. Measurement can be done, but a reduced measuring accuracy must be taken into account.

The multimeter operates with 2 AA size batteries alkaline manganese cells as per IEC LR6

### **Replacing the Battery**

- Place the multimeter on its face, loosen the single screw present on the rear side and remove the battery cover from bottom side.
- Remove the cells from the battery compartment and replace them with the new cells (for specifications refer "Power supply").
- Tighten the battery cover with the screws.

### 17.2 Fuses

The 16 A fuse protects the 10 A range, the 1.6 A protects 66mA ,660mA current measuring ranges. When a fuse blows, first eliminate the cause of the overload before using the multimeter again !

### **Replacing the Fuses**

- Place the multimeter on its face, loosen the two bottom cover screws on the rear and remove the bottom cover by, lifting it from the bottom.
- Remove the faulty fuse from the fuse holders.
- Remove the blown fuse, e.g. with the aid of a probe, and replace it with a new one.
- Tighten the bottom cover with the two screws.

Types fuses for current measuring ranges up to 660 mA: For current measuring ranges up to 660 mA: --FF (UR) 1.6 A / 1000 V AC/DC ; (10 kA) ; 6.3 mm x 32 mm For 10A current measuring range: --FF (UR) 16 A / 1000 V AC/DC ; (30 kA) ; 10 mm x 38 mm

### Caution

Absolutely verify that only the specified fuse is installed! If a fuse of other cut-out capacity, other nominal current or other switching capacity is used, a dangerous situation exists, and there is danger of damaging protective diodes, resistors or other components. The shorting of the fuse holder is not permissible.

### 17.3 Case

Special maintenance of the case is not required .Take care that the surface between the connection sockets is clean. For cleaning take a moist cloth. Avoid scrabbing.





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